

Ngu Mongameli Thomas S. Monson

Isipho seZulu soMbulelo

Intliziyo enombulelo . . . iza ngokubonakalisa ukubulela kuBawo wethu waseZulwini ngeeNtsikelelo Zakhe kanye nakwabo abasingqongileyo ngako konke abakuzisayo nabasipha kona ebomini bethu.

Eli xesha lekomfa ibe lixe-sha eliminandi ggithi. Ngoku ndandisekwa ukuba ndibe nguMongameli weCawa, Ndathi, "Ndiyakuzithathela umsebenzi omnye ube ngowam. Ndiyakuba ngumcebisi weKwayari yeeThebenakeli," Ndiyaziqhayisa ngekwayari yam!

Umama wam wakhe wathi kum, "Tommy, Ndineqhayiya ngayo yonke into oyenzileyo. Kodwa kukho endifuna ukuk'bonisa kona. Ngabe waqhubeka nokudlala iipiyan,"

Kengoko ndaya kwipiyano kwaye ndamlalela ingoma ethile: "Ngoku siyahamba, [siyahamba] siya embhiyozweni."¹ Emva koko Ndamphuza ebunzi, wandigona.

Ndicinga ngaye. Ndicinga ngotata wam. Ndicinge ngazoo zonke iiNkokheli zaJikelele ezindichukumisileyo zandiphembelela, kwaye nabanye abahlolokazi

endikhe ndabandwendwela—abayi 85 inani labo—ndibaphathele inkukhu yokoja kwioveni, ngamanye amaxesha imali encinci yepokhoto yabo.

Ndandwendwela omnye ngobunye ubusuku. Kwakusezinzulwini zobusuku, kwaye Ndaya kwikhaya labantu abadala elinababongikazi, umhlali ngaphambili owamkela amandwendwe wandixeleta ukuba, "Ndiqinisekile ukuba ulele, kodwa undixelete ukuba ndincede ndimvuse, ngokuba uthi, 'Ndiyazi ukuba uzakuufika.'"

Ndambamba ngesandla; wandidiba ngegama lam. Wayesevukile. Wathath'isandla sam wasiphuza kwaye wathi, "beNdazi ukuba uzakuza." BeNdingahlala njani ndingezi?

Umculo omnandi uyandichukumisa ngalo ndlela.

Bazalwane noodade bam abathandekayo, siyivile imiyalezo

echukumisayo nephembelelayo yenyanso, yethemba, kwaye neyothando. Iingqingqo zethu ziguquke zijonge Kuye owahlawulela izono zethu, owasibonisa indlela yokuphila kwaye neyo kuthandaza, kwaye wasibonisa ngezenzo Zakhe iiintsikelelo zokunceda abanye—Kanye neNkosi uMsindisi, uYesu Krestu.

Kwincwadi kaLuka, isahluko 17, sifunda Ngaye:

"Kwaye kwenzeka, njengokuba wayesiya eJerusalem, ukuba wadlula phakathi kweSamariya nase Galili.

"Kwaye xa wayengena kwilali ethile, aphi [wadibana] namadoda alishumi ababeneqhenqa, ababeme kude:

"Kwaye banyusa amazwi abo, kwaye bathi, Yesu, Nkosi, yiba nenceba kuthi.

"Kwaye xa ebabona, wathi kubo, Hambani niyokuzibonakalisa kuba-fundisi. Kwaye kwenzeka, ukuba, xa babehamba, bahlanjwa.

"Kwaye omnye kubo, xa ebona ukuba upholisiwe, wajika wabuyla emva, kwaye ngelizwi elikhulu wazukisa uThixo,

"Kwaye wawa phantsi ngobuso ezinyaweni zakhe, wambulela: kwaye wayengumSamariya.

"Kwaye uYesu wamphendula wathi, Ingaba bebengekho lishumi na abahlanjululiweyo? kodwa baphi abalithoba?

"Abafumaneki abo ababuyleyo bazozukisa uThixo, ngaphandle kwalo umhambi.

"Kwaye wathi kuye, Phakama, uhambe indlela yakho: ngokuba

ukholo lwakho lukuzalisile.”²

Ngenxa yongenelelo lwezulu apho ababeneqhenqe basindiswa enkohlakalweni, yokufa okuhlalayo kwaye banikwa isiqalo esitsha ebomini. Umbulelo owabonakaliswa ngomnye osikelelwego yiNkosi; ukungabi nambulelo okwabonakaliswa ngabalithoba, ukudana Kwakhe.

Bazalwane kunye noodade bam, ingaba siyakhumbula na ukunika umbulelo ngeentsikelelo esizifumayo? Ukunika umbulelo onyanisekileyo akusincredi ukuba siqaph-ele iintsikelelo zethu qha, kodwa kuvula iminyango yezulu kwaye kusincrede ukuba sive uthando lukaThixo.

Umhlobo wam othandwayo uMongameli uGordon B. Hinckley wathi, “Xa uhamba ngokubulela, awuhambi nekratshi kunye nobugqubusha kunye nendelelo, uhamba nomoya wombulelo osondolayo kuwe kwaye uyakusikelela ubomi benu.”³

Encwadini kaMatewu eBhayib-hileni, sinesinye isiganeko sombulelo, ngelikesha yimbonakaliso eyavela kuMsindisi. Njengokuba wayehamba endle intsuku ezintathu, abantu abangaphaya kwe 4,000 bamlanlenda kwaye bahamba kunye Naye. Wabathanda ngemfesane, ngokuba babengazange batye ngezo ntsuku zintathu. Abalandeli Bakhe, kodwa, babuza, “Ingaba sizasifumana phi isonka esinanzi endle, zokuhluthisa izihlwele zabantu ezingaka?” Njengoninzi lwethu, abalandeli babona okwakuswelwe.

“Kwaye uYesu wathi kubo, Ingaba ninelofu ezingaphi? Kwaye [abalandeli] bathi, ziSixhenxe, kunye neentlanzi ezincinci ezimbalwa.

“Kwaye [uYesu] wayalela eso sihlwele ukuba sihlale phantsi emhlabeni.

“Kwaye wathabatha iizonka ezisixhenxe kunye neentlanzi, kwaye wabulela, kwaye waziqhekeza, wanika abalandeli bakhe, kwaye

abalandeli bakhe banika ezo zihlwele.”

Qaphela ukuba uMsindisi wanika umbulelo ngoko ababenako—kwaye ummangaliso walandela: “Kwaye bonke batya, kwaye bahlutha: ze bathatha inyama eyayishiye kile sey’isikiwe esezipasikithini ezisix-henxe zigcwele.”⁴

Sonke sinamaxhesa apho ingqwalaselero yethu ikwizinto esizisweleyo kunokuba ibe kwint-sikelelo zethu. Isithandi – bulumko esinguMgrike uEpictetus sathi, “Yindoda enobulumko engazilileliyo izinto engenazo, kodwa uvuyela ezo anazo.”⁵

Umbulelo ngumgaqo wezulu. INkosi yasazisa ngesityhilelo esankwa uMprofeti Joseph Smith:

“Uyakubulela iNkosi uThixo wakho kuzo zonke izinto. . . .

“Akukho nto umntu anokuk-hathaza ngayo uThixo, okanye akukho mntu ovusa umsindo kaThixo, ngaphandle kwabo abangasichaziyo isandla sakhe kuzo zonke izinto.”⁶

Kwincwadi kaMormoni siyax-elelwa ukuba “masiphile ngombulelo mihla yonke; ngazo zonke iinceba kunye neentsikelelo ezi [uThixo] asipha zona.”⁷

Nokuba iimeko injani na, umntu ngamnye kuthi sonke unentweninzi anokuba nombulelo ngayo ukuba nje singama kwaye sicingisise ngeentsikelelo zethu.

Eli lixesha elihle kakhulu lokuba sibelapha emhlabeni. Nokuba kukho uninzi lwezinto ezingalung-ganga apha emhlabeni namhlanje, kukho izinto ezinanzi ezilungileyo kunye nezintle. Kukho imitshato ephumelelayo, abazali abab-thandayo abantwana babo kwaye ababancamelayo abantwana babo, izihlobo ezisikhathaleleyo kwaye ezisincredayo, ootishala abafundisayo. Ubomi bethu busikelelwe ngeendlela ezinanzi kakhulu.

Singakwazi ukuziphakamisa kunye nabanye sibaphakamise

xa sisala kuphele ukuhlala kwin-qanaba lommymoya ombi odan-isa umphefumlo kwaye sikhulise ngaphakathi ezintliziyweni zethu umoya wombulelo. Ukuba ukungabi nawo umbulelo bekusesinye sezono ezinkulu ke ukuba nom-bulelo kuthatha indawo yako phakathi kwezona zinto zenani eliphakameyo. Omnye umntu wathi “umbulelo ayonto ilunge kakhulu nje qha, kodwa ingumzali wazo zonke izinto ezilungleleyo.”⁸

Ingaba singawukhulisa njani umoya wombulelo phakathi ezintliziyweni zethu? Umongameli Joseph F. Smith, uMongameli wesithandathu weCawa, wasinika impendulo. Wathi yena: “Indoda enombulelo ibona izinto ezinanzi emhlabeni enombulelo ngazo, kwaye okulungleleyo kodlula okubi. Uthando lunamandla awoyisa umona, kwaye ukukhanya kugxotha ubumnyama ebomini bakhe.” Waqhubekeka: “Ikratshi lutshabala-lisa umbulelo wethu kwaye lusenza ukuba singabacingeli abanye lumise oko endaweni yalo. Ingaba singon-waba kangakanani na ebukhwani bomphefumlo onombulelo kunye nothando, kwaye singalumka ukuba sikhulise, ngokuba sihlale ngobomi bomthandazo, nomoya wombulelo kuThixo kunye nasebantwini!”⁹

Umongameli Smith usixeleta ukuba ubomi bomthandazo sisitshixo sokuba sibenombulelo.

Ingaba izinto zemali zomhlaba zisenza ukuba sonwabe kwaye sibenawo umbulelo? Umhlawumbi okwexeshana. Kodwa, ezo zinto ezisinika ulonwabo no mbulelo olunzulu noluhlala ixesha elide zizinto ezingathengwa ngemali: iintsapho zethu, ivangeli, izihlobo ezilungleleyo, impilo yethu, amandla wethu okwenza, uthando esilufumanayo kwabo basithandayo. Ngelishwa, ezi zezinye izinto esizivumela ukuba sizithathe ngendelelo.

Umbhali weSingesi u Aldous

Huxley wabhala, "abantu abaninzi banamandla angapheliyo okuthatha izinto ngendelelo."¹⁰

Sisoloko siphatha ngendelelo abona bantu kanye abafanele umbulelo wethu. Masingalindi kude kumke ixesha lokuba sibonakalise umbulelo. Ethetha ngabantu abathandayo ahlukana nabo, enye indoda yasazisa ngokuzisola kwakhe ngoluhlobo: "Ndikhumbula ezo ntsuku zolonwabo, kwaye nokusoloko ndinqwena ukuba yanga ndingathetha ezindlebeni zabaswelekileyo ngombulelo owawubafanele kobi bomi, kwaye abawufumana."¹¹

Ukulahlekelwa ngabantu esibathandayo kuzisa ukuzi-sola ezintliziyeni zethu. Masiyinciphise imivakalelo enjalo kangangoko sinako ngokuba sisoloko sibonakalise uthando lwethu kunye nombulelo wethu kubo. Asoze siyazi ukuba ixesha liyakuphela nini na.

Intliziyen enombulelo, ke ngoko, iza ngokubonakalisa umbulelo kuBawo wethu waseZulwini ngeentsikelelo Zakhe kwaye nakwabo abasingqongileyo ngako konke abasiphathela kona ebomini bethu. Oku kufuna ukuba sizame ngokuzimisela okukhulu—oku kokuba side sifunde ngokwenene ukukhulisa umoya wombulelo. Ixesha elininzi siziva sinombulelo kwaye *sibenenenjongo* yokubonisa umbulelo wethu kodwa silibale ukwenza njalo okanye singade singabi nexesha lokwenza oko. Omnye umntu wathi "ukuva umbulelo kwaye nokuba singawubonakalisi kufana nokubhijela sihombise isipho sijike singaphisisi ngaso."¹²

Xa sidibana nezilingo neengxaki ebomini bethu, kusoloko kubanzima ukuba siqwalasele iintsikelelo zethu. Kodwa, ukuba sibhekisa sifikelele enzulwini ngokwaneleyo kwaye sjongisise ngamandla, singakwazi ukuvakalelw kwaye sibone kanye kanye uhlolo esiskelelw ngalo.

Ndabelana nani ngebali lolunye usapho olwakwazi ukufumana iintsikelelo phakathi kwezilingo ezinzima. Eli libali endalifunda kwiminyaka emininzi eyadlulayo kwaye ndaligcina ngenxa yomyalezo eliwunikayo. Lalibhalwe nguGordon Green kwaye laphuma kwenye yemagazini zaseMelika kwiminyaka engamashumi amahl-anu eyadlulayo.

uGordon usixelela ngokukhula kwakhe kwifama eKhanada, apha yena nabantakwabo ekwakufanele babuyele ekhayeni labo ngokukhawuleza ukuphuma kwasikolo ngexesha abanye bona abantwana babedlala ibhola kwaye bayokuqubha. Utata wabo, kodwa, wayenamandla okubanceda kwaye aqonde ukuba umsebenzi wabo wawubaluleke kangakanani. Oku kwakuyinyaniso ingakumbi emva kwexesha lokuvuna xa usapho lwalubhiyozela usuku Lokunika uMbulelo, ngokuba ngolosuku utata wabo wabanika isipho esikhulu. Lapho athatha uluhlu lwemfuyo nayo yonke into anayo.

Ngentsasa yoSuku Lokunika uMbulelo wabathatha abase kwisela eyayinemi gqomo yama apile, iitoti zeebhithi, iminqathi epakishwe esantini, kunye neentaba zeetapile ezsengxoweni kunye neephizi, nombona, neembotyi, ijeli, amaqaunube, kunye nezinto ezigcina ukutja ukuba kungaboli ezazigcwele iikhabbathi. Wabacela abantwana ukuba babale yonke into ngononophelo. Emva koko bayo ngaphandle kwiibhani yabo kwaye babala ukuba babenengca esongiwego engakanani na nokuba babeneentaba ezingaphi zeenzoko. Babebala iinkomo, iihagu, iinkukhu, iikarkuni namarhanisi. Utata wabo wayesithi ufunya ukubona ukuba babeme njani na, kodwa babeyazi ukuba ngeyaniso wayefuna ukuba babone ngaloo mini yesidlo indlela uThixo abasikelele ngalo kwaye wayencumela zonke iiyure zabo

zokusebenza. Ekugqibeleni, xa behleli phantsi esidlweni umama wabo awayesilungisile, iintsikelo yayiba zizinto abazivayo.

UGordon wabonisa, kodwa, ukuba Imini yoMbulelo awayeyik-humbula ngokubulela yayingunya ka apha kwakubonakala ingathi abananto tu yokuba babenombulelo ngayo.

Loo nyaka waqala kakuhle: babenengca esongiwego eyayishiyekile, iimbewu ezininzi, iinkunkuma zeehagu ezine kwaye utata wabo wayebeke ecaleni imali encinci ukuze ngenye imini bakwazi ukuthenga umtshini wokuthwala istroyi sengca—umtshini omangalisayo osebenza kakuhle wonke umfama wayephupha ngokubanawo. Yayikwangunyaka wokufika kombane edolophini yabo—nangona bona babe ngazokuwfumana ngokuba babengazokwazi ukuwubhatala.

Ngobunye ubusuku xa umama kaGordon wayehlamba iimpahla, utata wakhe wangenelela wamncedisa wahlamba iimpahla naye wacela ukuba umfazi wakhe aphumle kwaye azinthele kuba wayethanda ukunita. Wathi, "Uchitha ixesha elininzi uhlamba kunokuba ulale. Ucinga ukuba kufuneka sizincame sifune umbane?" Nangona wawumvuyisa lo mbono, wachiphiza inyembezi enye neyesibini xa ecinga ukuba abazukwazi ukuthenga umtshini wokuthwala isitroyi.

Kengoko intambo yombane yafakelwa esitalatweni sabo ngaloo nyaka. Nangona yayingeyonto inewunewu, bafumana umtshini wokuhlamba iimpahla owawuzise-benzela ngokwawo imini yonke kwaye benezibane eziqhaka-zileyo ezazinjinga esilingini. Zazingasekho izibane zokugcwalis ngeoyile, kungeko kusika ntambu yesibane, kungekho kuhlamba iitshimini ezimdaka. Izibane zaya ngokuthula kwigumbi elise rufini yendlu.

Ukufika kombane kwifama yabo yayiphantse yayinto yokugqibela entle eyenzekayo kubo ngaloo nyaka. Kwathi nxa imfuno yabo isaqala ukuntshula emhlaben, iim-vula zaqala. Kwathi akuyeka amanzi ekugqibeleni, kakungekho sityalo sishiyekileyo naphi na. Baphinda batyala, kodwa kwakhona imvula eninzi yazibethelela emhlaben ezo zityalo. Iltapile zabolela edakeni. Bathengisa iinkomo ezimbalwa kunye neehagu kwaye nenye imfuyo yabo ababenengongo yokuyigcina, befuma amaxabiso aphantsi ngezo zinto ngokuba nabanye kwakunyanzeleke benze njalo. Konke ababekuvunile ngaloo nyaka yayiliqela le theniphu ezafunyanwa kwaye zagqitywa sisaqhwiti.

Ke kwaba yimini yoMbulelo kwakhona. Umama wabo wathi, "Mhlawumbi kuyakuba bhetele ukuba silibale kulo nyaka. Asinalo nerhanisi elishiyeleyo."

Ngentsasa yosuku loMbulelo, utata kaGordon wafika ephethe umvudla udomkrarha kwaye wacela umfazi wakhe ukuba awupheke. Enenqala wawuqala loo msebenzi, ebonisa ukuba kwakuzakuthatha ixesha ukupheka loonto iqinileyo igugileyo. Xa isidlo sasisetafileni nezinye zetheniphu ezazishiyekileyo, abantwana bala ukuzitya. Umama kaGordon wakhala, ze utata wakhe wenza into engaqhelekanga. Wanyuka waya kwigumbi eliserufini, wathatha isibane seoyile, wasisa etafileni, kwaye wasikhanyisa. Waxelela abantwana ukuba bacima izibane zombane. Kengoku xa kwakukhanyise esisibane seoyile kwakhona, babengakholelw indlela ekwakuke kwamnyama ngakhona ngaphambili. Bazibuza ukuba ingaba babekwazi njani na ukubona ngaphambili ngaphandle kwezozibane ziqhakazileyo zombane.

Ukutya kwasikelewa, wonke umntu watya. Emva kokutya idina, bonke bahlala, bethule cwaka. Wabhalu uGordon:

"Eluzizini oluphantsi lwasibane sakudala sasiqala kwakhona ukubona gca. . . .

"I [bil] kukutya okumnandi. Umvundla udomkrarha wayengathi yikarkuni kwaye itheniphu yayiyeyona izole kakhulu kenezisazizikhumbula. . . .

". . . [Lethu] ikhaya . . . , neemfuno zalo, lalityebile [kuthi] sonke."¹³

Bazalwane noodade Bam, uku-bonakalisa umbulelo kunomsa, kubekile, ukubeka umbulelo kubanesisa kwaye kulungile, kodwa ukuphila nombulelo ezintliziyweni zethu kukubamba izulu.

Njengokuba ndivala ngale ntsasa, ngumthandazo wam ukuba ngaphezulu kwako konke esinom-bulelo ngako, yanga singa soloko sibonisa umbulelo eNkosini kwaye noMsindisi, uYesu Krestu. Ivangeli Lakhe elinozuko lisinika iimpendulo kwimibuzo emikhulu yobomi: Sivelaphi? Kutheni silapha? Ingaba uya phi umoya wethu xa sisifa? Elo vangeli lizisa kwabo baphila ebunnyameni ukukhanya kwenyaniso yezulu.

Wasifundisa ukuba sithandaze njani. Wasifundisa ukuba siphile njani. Wasifundisa ukuba sife njani. Ubomi Bakhe lilifa lothando. Abagulayo Wabaphilisa; abawele phantsi wabaNyusa; umoni Wamsindisa.

Ekugqibeleni, Wama yedwa. Abanye bamapostile bathandabuza; omnye wamngcatsha Yena. Amajoni angamaRoma agqobhoza icala Lakhe. Iibus elinomsindo lathatha ubomi Bakhe. Kusakhala nangoku la mazwi anemfesane asendulini yeGolgotha: "Bawo, baxolele; ngokuba abakwazi abakwenzayo."¹⁴

Yayingubani "lendoda yeentlungu,

. . . eyayisazana nentlungu"¹⁵
"Ngubani loKumkani wozuko,"¹⁶ le Nkosi yeenkos? YiNkosi Yethu. NguMsindisi wethu. Ngunyana kaThixo. Ungumbhali weNsindiso Yethu. Wasikhuthaza. "Ndilandeleni."¹⁷ Uyayalela, "Hambani, kwaye nenze njalo."¹⁸ Uyangxengxeza, "Gcinani imithetho yam."¹⁹

MasiMlandeleni. Masilinganiseni umzekelo Wakhe. Masithobeleni Amazwi Wakhe. Ngokwenza njalo, siMnika isipho sezulu umbulelo.

Umthandazo wentliziyo Yam onyanisekileyo, kukuba yanga ebomini bethu umntu ngamnye angabonisa isimilo esingumman-galiso umbulelo. Kwangathi ungan-gena ngaphakathi ebunzulwini bemiphefumlo yethu, ngoku kude kuge naphakade. Egameni elingcwali-sekileyo lika Yesu Krestu, uMsindisi wethu, ameni.

IZIKHUMBUZO

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2. Luka 17:11-19.
3. *Iimfundiso zikaGordon B. Hinckley* (1997), 250.
4. Bona Matewu 15:32-38; isigxiniso songeziwe.
5. *Ingqingo neezintetho zika-Epictetus; nooEncheiridion nama-Fragments*, trans. uGeorge Long (1888), 429.
6. Imfundiso neMinqophiso 59:7, 21.
7. Alma 34:38.
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13. Adapted from H. Gordon Green, "Usuku Lokubonga engingasoze Ngililibale," *Reader's Digest*, Nov. 1956, 69-71.
14. Luka 23:34.
15. Izaya 53:3.
16. Indumiso 24:8.
17. Matewu 4:19.
18. Luka 10:25-37.
19. Yohane 14 : 27.

limfundiso zeXesha Lethu

zifundo zaBabingeleli beMelkhiz-idekh kunye nooMbuto wooDade ngeeCawa zesine zizakunikelwa kwi “Timfundiso zeXesha Lethu.” Isifundo ngasinye singalungiswa nkukuba sithathwe kwenye okanye ezinye iintetho zeekomfa zajikelele ezsand ukubanjwa. OoMongameli beengingqi bangakhetha ukuba kusetyenziswe eziphi na iintetho, okanye bathume obishophu noomongameli bama-sebe ukuba bawenze lo msebenzi. Iinkokheli kufuneka zigxininise ixabiso nokubaluleka kabazalwane abanobuBingeleli bukaMelkhizedek kunye noodade boMbutho womama.

Abo abaya kwizifundo zeCawa yesine bayakhuthazwa ukuba bafunde kwaye baze eklassini nemagazini yakamva yekomfa zajikelele.

lingcebiso zokulungiselela Isifundo esiphuma kwiiNtetho

Thandaza ukuba uMoya OyiNgcwele ube kunye nawe xa ufunda kwaye ufundisa ezi(ii) ntetho. Ungahendeka ukuba ulungiselele isifundo ngokuse-benzisa ezinye izixhobo, kodwa

iintetho zekomfa zizo ezivunyi-weyo zanikwa igunya lokuba zifundiswe kucwangciso lwezfundo zonyaka. Umsebenzi wakho kukuba uncede abanye ukuba bafunde kwaye baphile ivangeli njengokuba lifundiswa kwikomfa yajikelele yeCawa esand ukubanjwa.

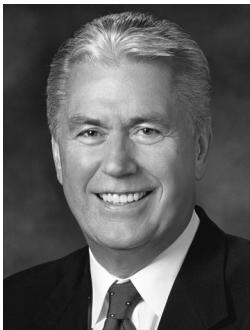
Hlola (i) intetho, ukhangela imigaqo kunye neemfundiso ezidibana neentswelo zamalungu eklesi yakho. Kwaye ngaphe-zulu koko khangela amabali, izibhekiso zezibhalo ezingcwele, kunye neencazelo kwintetho(kwii) ezi zakunceda ukuba ufundise iinyaniso.

Yenza ucwangciso lwendlela yokufundisa imigaqo kunye neemfundiso. Ucwangciso lwakho kufanele ukuba lubenemibuzo enceda amalungu eklesi:

- Khangela imigaqo kunye neemfundiso kwintetho (iintetho).
- Cinga ngentsingiselo yazo.
- Yabelana ngokuqonda, ngamacebo, ngamava, kunye nangobungqina.
- Ukuba baphile lemigaqo kunye neemfundiso ebomini babo.

IINYANGA	IZIXHOBO ZESIFUNDO SECAWA YESINE.
Novemba 2010–Epreli 2011	lintetho ezishicilelw ngo Novemba 2010 <i>kwiLiahona*</i>
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Kwizinto EziBaluleke Kakhulu

Ukuba ubomi nonyathelo lobomi olukhawulezayo kwaye nobunzima bukwenze ukuba uzive kunzima ukuba uvuye, ke mhlawumbi ngoku lixesha elihle lokuba uphinde ujunge okuxabisekileyo kakhulu.

yamangaza into yokuba indlela esinokufunda ngayo ubomi kukuba sisfunde indalo. Umzekelo, izazi zenzululwazi zingajonga kwizangqa zemithi kwaye zenze izigqibo ezi-fundiweyo ngeemo zezulu kunye neemeko zokukhula kwezinto kwinkulungwana zeminyaka kanye naku-mawaka eminyaka eyadlulayo. Enye yezinto esifundayo ekufundeni ukukhula kwemithi kukuba ngamaxe-sha onyaka xa iimeko zikwinqana elihle kakhulu, imithi ikhula kakuhle ngesiqhelo sayo. Kodwa, ngamaxesha onyaka apho iimeko zokukhulisa zime kakubi, imithi iyacotha ukukhula kwayo kwaye inikele amandla wayo ezintweni ezibalulekileyo nezo-kuqala ukuze iphile ingatshabalali.

Ngalomzuzu abanye benu bacinga ukuba, "Oko kuhle kakhulu kwaye kulungile, kodwa kunento kwenza nantoni nokubhabha ngenqwelo moya?" Yekani ke, ndinixelete.

Ingaba sowukhe wakwinqwelo

moya na kwaye wakuggiba ubephakathi kwempithizelo ingxuba kaxakeka? Eyona mbangi yempithizelo exhaphakileyo yinguquko eliqubulo emoyeni ebanga ukuba inqwelo moya ukuba ijuleke, iguquke, kwaye irole. Nangona iinqwelo moya zakhiwe ukuba zikwazi ukumelana nempithizelo enkulu engaphaya kwayo nantoni na onokudibana nayo kuhambo ngenqwelo moya oluqhelekileyo, nokuba kunjalo abakhweli nqwelo moya abaphatheki kakuhle.

Ucinga ukuba abaqhubi benqwelo moya benza ntoni xa bedibana nengxaki emoyeni? Umfundsi ongumqhubi angacinga ukuba ukunyusa amafutha licebo elihle ngokuba kuyakubadlulisa kuloo mpithizelo ngokukhawuleza. Kodwa lonto ingayinto engalunganga ukuba yenziwe. Injingalwazi eziqhuba inqwelo moya ziyyaqonda ukuba kukho isantya esifanelekileyo esihlisa iziphumo ezimbi zesiphithi-phithi. Kwaye ixesha elininzi kungathetha

ukuba kufanele kuhliswe isantya. Le migao ifanayo iyasebenza nakwi nduli zesantya endleleni yemoto.

Ke ngoko, yingcebiso elungleleyo ukuba uthi chu, uzinzise indlela, kwaye uqwalasele kwizinto ezibalulekileyo xa udibana neemeko ezinzima.

Isantya soNyathelo loBomi baNamhlanje

Esi sisifundo esilula kodwa esibaleke kakhulu ukuba sisifunde. Kungabonakala kuqiqile xa sithetha ngemithi okanye iziphithi-phithi, kodwa kuyothusa indlela ekulula ngayo ukungasihoyi esi sifundo xa kufuneka sisebenzise le migao kobethu ubomi imini nemini. Xa amanqanaba obunzima eengxaki enyuka, xa ukuhlupheka kubonakala, xa intlekelele isehla, amaxesha amaninzi siye sizame ukubambelela kwisantya esiphasazamisayo okanye sisinyuse isantya, sicinga ukuba xa sikhawuleza ukunyathela, siyakuphumelela.

Ezinye zempawu zobomi ban-amhlanje kubonakala ikukuba siyaspita, nokuba siyaphithizela okanye kukho amaginx-ginx.

Masinyaniseke; kulula ukupuzuela. Sonke singadwelisa imisebenzi enokuxakekisa ucwangciso lwexhesha. Omnye angacinga ukuba ixabiso lesiqu sakhe luxhomekeke kubude loluhlu lwakhe lwezinto azakuzenza. Bazalisa izithuba exesheni labo ngoluhlu lweentlanganiso kunye neezinto ezingabalulekanga—kakhulu ngamaxesha obunzima nokudinwa. Ngokuba baxakekisa ubomi babo kungekho mfuneko, soloko beziva bedikiwe kukudideka, uvuyo lucuthekile, kwaye akukho ntsingiselo ebomini babo.

Kuthiwa nobuphi na ubulungisa obubaxwayo bungajika bube sisiqhelo. Ukuxakekisa imini zethu kungasibeka kwelinqanaba sithetha ngalo. Kufika ixesha apho incam yoluvo ingaba ngamatye okusila kunye namabhongo, nokunyanzeka okukrhintyele iintamo zethu.

Yintoni Isisombululo?

Abalumkileyo bayaqonda kwaye basebenzia iizangqa zemithi kunye neziphithi-phithi zomoya. Bayala ukuhendeka kokuzibophelela kwisiphithi-phithi esisibhadubhadu sobomi sarhoqo ngosuku. Balandela ingcebiso “Kukho okuninzi okungaphaya ebomini kunokuba uspite.”¹ Ngokushwankathela, baqwalasela kwezona zinto zibalulekileyo.

Elder Dallin H. Oaks, kwikomfa esandul ubanjwa, wafundisa, “Kufanele ukuba siyeke ezinye izinto ezintle ukuze sikhethi ezinye ezibhetetele nezintle kakhulu ukodlula ezinye kuba zikhulisa ukholo eNkosini uYesu Krestu kwaye zoomeleza amasapho.”²

Ukhangelo lwezinto ezintle ukodlula ezinye kukhokelela kwimigaqo siseko yevangeli likaYesu krestu—iinyaniso ezelula nezintle zityhilwa kuthi nguBawo waseZulwini okhathalayo, wanaphakade, kwaye owazi zonke izinto. Ezi mfundiso nemigaqo ezisiseko, nangona zilula ngokwaneleyo noba umtswana aziqonde, zinika iimpendulo imibuzo enzima yobomi.

Kukho ubuhle kunye nengcangciso eza kwizinto ezikhaphu-khaphu esingayixabisiyo ngamanye amaxesha ekunxanelweni kwethu izisombululo eziphezulu.

Umzekelo, kwakungekudala apho izazi zeoplanethi kunye nezicosmonothi apho zishiya umhlaba ukuba ziqonde ukuba iipeni zokubhala azisabenzi esiphangalweni sesibhakabhaka. Kwaye abanye abantu abakrelekrele basebenza ukufumania isisombululo. Kwathatha iiyure ezingamawaka kunye neemiliyon zedola, kodwa ekugqibeleni, badala

ipeni ekwaziyo ukubhala naphina, nakweliphi na iqondo lobushushu, kwaye nakumphezelu wawo nantoni na. Kodwa ingaba izazi zeoplanethi nezi-cosmonothi zazisebenzia ntoni elixesa babefuna isisombululo? Basebenzia ipensela.

ULeonardo da Vinci wacatshulwa esithi “ukubalula yeyona mpucuko yokuqala nokugqibela.”³ Xa sikhangela kwimigaqo siseko yecebololonwabo, yecebo lensesindiso, singakwazi ukubona kwaye sixabise ubulumko obulula, obucacileyo, obuhle, nobusemgangathweni ophucukileyo buka Bawo wethu waseZulwini. Emva koko, ukutshintsha iindlela zethu zibevezakhe kukuqala kobulumko.

Amandla ezinto zokuQala

Ibalu liyabalisa lalowo wayengumqeqli webhola uVince Lombardi ukuba wayenesithethe awasenzayo kusuku lokuqala loqeqliesho. Wayedla ngokubamba aphakamise ibhola, ayibonise abadlali ababedlala lomdlao oonyaka abaninzi, kwaye athi, “Manene . . . le yibhola!” Wayedla ngokuthetha ngobukhulu bayo, ngokumila kwayo, ukuba ikhatiya njani, iphatiwa njani, okanye idluliswa njani. Wathatha itim wayisa ebeleni kwaye wathi, “Eli libala lebhola.” Wabazulisa balijkeleza, echaza umlinganiselo, ukumila, kunye nemithetho, kwaye nokuba udlalwa njani umdlalo.⁴

Lo mqeqeshi wayesazi ukuba nabadlali banamava, kwaye itim, ingabankulu ngokuba yincutshe yeziqeko zokuqala ezibalulekileyo. Babenokuchitha ixesha labo belungisa iindlela zokudlala kwabo, kodwa de babezincutshe kwizinto zokuqala ezibalulekileyo, babengano kuze babetim eyintshasheli.

Ndicinga ukuba uninzi lwethu luyayazi ngaphakathi ezintliyweni ukuba iziseko zibaluleke kangakanani na. Yinto yokuba nje ngamanye amaxesha siyaphazamiseka zizinto ezibonakala zihenda.

Iincwadi namaphepha ndaba abhaliwego, uninzi olushicelelwego eliphuma ezindabeni, nakwizixhobo

zombane nencukumiso zokunxulamelana ezisetyenziswa kakuhlezonke ziluncedo ukuba zisetyenziswa kakuhle zingakwazi ukuba ziziphazamisi ezimoshayo namakhusi anganantliziyo okuzisusa eluntwini ube wedwa.

Kodwa ngaphakathi kwamazwi ezihlwele kunye noko sikukhethayo, Indoda ethobileyo yaseGalili imile nezandla zayo ziluliwe zavulwa, zilindle. Umyalezo wakhe ulula: “Yizani nindilandele.”⁵ Kwaye akathethi nge-mayikrofoni enkulu kodwa ngelizoleyo, ilizwi elincinci.⁶ Kulula ukuba ivangeli elisiseko ukuba lilahleke phakathi kwezigidi zolwazi olusibetha macala onke.

Izibhalo ezingcwele kunye nelizwi elithethwayo labaprofeti lugxininisa imigaqo siseko ebalulekileyo kunye neemfundiso zevangeli. Isizathu sokuba sibuye kule migagaqo siseko, kwimfundiso enyulu, kungenxa yokuba zilisango eliya kwinyaniso ezinentsingiselo enzulu. Zingumnyango wamava abalulekileyo obuqhaqhawuli uluvu olungaphaya kwamandla ethu okuqonda. Ezi ziseko zilula, kwaye zizekuqala sisitixo sokuphila ngongqinelwano zandi kunye noThixo kwaye nabantu. Zizitixo zokuvula iifestile zezulu. Zisikhokelela enzolweni, elonwabeni, kunye nasekuqondeni ukuba uBawo waseZulwini uthembise abantwana Bakhe abamvayo nabamthobelayo Yena.

Bazalwane noodade bam abathandekayo, singenza kakuhle xa sinokuthi chu kancinci, siqhubekeke ngesantya esifanelekileyo kwiimeko zethu, siqwalasele okubalulekileyo, siphakamisele phezelu amehlo wethu, kwaye ngokwenene sibone izinto ezibalulekileyo. Masimise ingqondo ngeemiyalelo esisiseko kaBawo waseZulwini asiphe zona bantwna Bakhe eyakuseka isiseko nesiqalo sobomi basemhlabeni obutyebileyo neziqhamo kunye nezithembiso zobomi banaphakade. Ziyakusifundisa ukwenza “zonke ezi zinto . . . ngobulumko

nangocwangciso; ngokuba akuyo-mfuneko ukuba [si] baleke ngaphe-zulu [kun esinawo] amandla. [Kodwa kuyimfuneko ukuba [si] khuthale, [kwaye] kengoko . . . siwuzuze umvuzo].⁷

Bazalwane noodade, ukwenza ezi zinto ngenkuthalo kuyakusikhokelela kuMsindisi wehlabathi. Yiyo lonto “sithetha ngoKrestu, sigcoba kuKrestu, sishumayela ngoKrestu, sityhila ngoKrestu, . . . ukuze [si] yazi ukuba ngeyiphi imveliso [esi] khangela kuyo uhlanjululo [lwethu] lwezono.”⁸ Ebunzimeni, ekudidekeni, kwaye ekungxameni bobomi ban-amhlanje, le yeypa ndlela “iingungqa phambili.”⁹

Ke Yintoni Iziseko?

Xa siguqukela kuBawo wethu waseZulwini kwaye sicele ubulumko Bakhe ngezinto ezi zeazona zibalulekileyo, sifunda kaninzi side siphinda-phinde ukufunda ngobudlelwanu obusisitixo: noThixo wethu, namasapho ethu, kune Nabantu esiphila nabo emhlabeni, kwaye kune neziyu zethu. Xa sivavanya ubomi bethu ngengqondo evumayo, siyakukubona aphi silahleke khona kwindlela engungqa phambili. Amehlo ethu okuqonda ayakuku-vuleka, kwaye siyakukubona izinto ekufuneka zenzeke ukuhlamba intliziyu yethu kwaye simise kakuhle ubomi bethu.

Okokuqala, ubudlelwanu bethu kune noThixo bobona bungcwele kwaye bubalulekileyo. Singabantwana Bakhe bomoya. UnguBawo wethu. Ulangazelela ulonwabo lwethu. Xa simkhangela yena, sifunda ngoNyana Wakhe, uYesu Krestu, xa sivila iintliziyu zethu ukuze zichukunyiswe nguMoya oyiNgewe, ubomi bethu buy-azinza ngakumbi kwaye bukhuseleke. Siva olukhulu uxolo, uvuyo, kwaye nokuzaliseka xa sizinikela ngako konke ukuphila ngokwecebo likaThixo lanaphakade kwaye sigcine imithetho Yakhe.

Siphucula ubudlelwanu bethu

kunye noBawo waseZulwini ngokufunda Ngaye, ngokukhunga kune Naye, ngokuguquka kwizono zethu, kwaye ngoku landela uYesu Krestu ngamabom, ngokuba “akukho mntu oziyelayo kuBawo, kodwa ngo [Krestu].”¹⁰ Ukomeleza udlelwano lwethu noThixo, kufuneka sibenexeshsha elibalulekileyo sodwa kune Naye. Ukuزمیلا rhoqo ngosuku ukuthandaza kwaye nokuzifundela izibhalo ezingcwele, nokusoloko ufanelekile ukufumana isivumelo sokuya etempileni—ezi zinto bubulumko lixabiso elikhulu ukusebenzisa ixesha lethu sisensa zona kwaye sizama ukusondela kuBawo wethu waseZulwini. Masimamele isimemo esikwiNdumiso: “Zola, kwaye wazi ukuba NdinguThixo.”¹¹

Ubudlelwanu bethu besibini obusisitixo bukunye namasapho ethu. Kuba “kungekho enye impumelelo enokugqumelela ukuwa phantsi”¹² apha, kufuneka sibeke ngaphamibili nangaphezulu amasapho ethu. Sakha ubudlelwanu obunzulu nobunothando namasapho ethu ngokwenza izinto ezelula kune, njenge sidlo sosapho kune nenjikalanga yasekhaya nosapho kwaye nangokonwaba kune. Kudlelwano lwethu nosapho *uthando* lupelwa njena ngokwenene *i-x-e-s-h-a*, ixesha. Ukuنکانا ixesha sositixo sokuvana ekhayeni. Sithetha no, hayi nge, siyancokola. Siyafundisana kwaye siyaxabisana nakwizinto esahluke kuzo nezo sifana ngazo. Siseka ubudlelwanu obomeleleyo bezulu phakathi kwethu njengokuba sisiyakuThixo kune ngomthandazo wosapho, izifundo zevangeli, kune nonqulo lwangeCawa.

Isitshixo sesithathu esinaso sikunye noluntu esiphila nalo. Sakha obu budlelwano nomntu omnye ngexesha—ngokuba sibenemfesane ngeentswelo zabanye, sibakhonze, kwaye sibanike ixesha neetalente zethu. Ndachukunyiswa kakhulu ndathanda omnye udade owayes-indwa bubunzima bokuguga kune nokugula kodwa wagqiba ukuba

nangona wayengakwazi ukwenza nto ininzi, wayekwazi ukumamela. Qho ngeveki wayekhangela abantu ababekhangeleka ingathi bakhat-hazekile okanye abatyhafe ithemba, kwaye wayechitha ixesha kune nabo, abamamele. Wayeyintsikelelo ebomini babantu abaninzi.

Ubudlelwane obusisitshixo sesine bobeziqu zethu. Kungabonakala ingathi akuqhelekanga ukuba nobudlelwane neziyu zethu, kodwa sinabo. Abanye abantu abavani neziyu zabo. Bayazigxeka kwaye bazibekele phantsi yonke le mihla de bade bazicaphukele. Ndingacebisa ukuba ucuthe isantya kwaye uthathe elinye ixesha lokuba uzazi kakuhle. Waka endalweni, bukela ukuvela kwelanga, yonwabela indalo kaThixo, cingisia ngeenyaniso zevangeli elibuyisiweyo, kwaye ufumanise ukuba zithetha noni na kuwe wedwa. Funda ukuzibona ngohlobo uBawo waseZulwini akubona ngalo—njengomntwana wakhe oyintombazana okanye unyana wakhe oxabisekileyo onamandla okwenza ezulu.

Coba kwiVangeli eNyulu

Bazalwane noodade, masilumke. Masiguqukele emanzini anyulu emfundiso ebuyisiweyo yevangeli kaYesu Krestu. Ngolonwabo masiwangcamle ngokucaca nobukhaphukaphu bawo. Amazulu avulekile kwakhona. Ivangeli kayesu Krestu isemhlabeni kwakhona, kwaye iinya-niso zayo ezelula ziymveliso eninzi yovuyo!

Bazalwane noodade, ewe ngenene sinesizathu esikhulu sokuba sivuye. Ukuba ubomi kune nesantya sabo esiphezulu kwaye nezinye iingxaki zenza ukuba kubenzima ukuba uzive ingathi ungonwaba, ke umhlawumbi eli lixesha elihle lokuba uqwalasele kwizinto ezibalulekileyo kakhulu.

Ukomelela akuzi ekuphithizeleni kodwa ekuzinzeni esisekwensi esiqinileyo senyaniso nokukhanya. Kuza ngokubeka iindlebe nemizamo yethu kwizinto zokuqala zevangeli elibuyisiweyo lika Yesu Krestu. Liza

ekubekeni indlebe ezintweni zezulu
ezi zezona ezibalulekileyo.

Masenze lula ubomi bethu kancinci.
Masenze iinguquku ezifunekayo
ukuze simise kakuhle ubomi bethu
phezu kwezinto ezintle ezelula,
indlela ethobekileyo yomlandeli
onguMkrestu—indlela ekhokela rhoqo
phambili kubomi obunentsingiselo,
ulonwabo, kunye nenzolo. Oku

Ndiyakuthandazela, xa ndinishiya
nentsikelelo Yam, egameni elingcwa-
lisekileyo lika Yesu Krestu, amen.

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