Time Period	People of Limhi	People of Alma
Abinadi's second visit	Noah's people rejected and killed Abinadi (Mosiah 17). They continued in their wickedness.	Alma believed Abinadi (Mosiah 17:2–4). Alma was forced to flee.
Aftermath of Abinadi's second visit	Noah-Limhi's people continued in wickedness (Mosiah 19:2–20).  They were divided (v. 2).  They were contentious (v. 3).  They were attacked by the Lamanites (vv. 6–7).  King Noah was killed by his own people (v. 20).  The people were brought into Lamanite bondage and had to pay a 50 percent tribute to the Lamanites (v. 15).	A small group believed Alma (Mosiah 18:3–21). They traveled to hear Alma preach (v. 4). They were taught to repent and have faith (v. 7). They covenanted with God (vv. 8–11). They escaped the efforts of King Noah to destroy them (vv. 33–34).
Two years from the time of Abinadi's death (Mosiah 19:29)	Limhi's people endured bondage (Mosiah 19:22–20:22). They endured bondage and 50 percent tribute (19:22). The Lamanites attacked (20:7). They fought back (20:8–11). They accepted bondage (20:22).	Alma's people prospered (Mosiah 23:2–5). The Lord strengthened them (v. 2). They built a city (v. 5).
A period of time following the first two years (Mosiah 19:29)	Conditions of bondage intensified (Mosiah 21:3–6). The Lamanites smote them on the cheeks and exercised authority over them (v. 3). The Lamanites gave Limhi's people heavy burdens and drove them like animals (v. 3). The people murmured because of their trials (v. 6). Limhi's people went to war three times to deliver themselves and were defeated each time. Many were killed and there was much sorrow (vv. 7–12).	Alma's people continued in peace and prosperity (Mosiah 23:19–20). They lived in righteousness (vv. 14–15). They prospered exceedingly (vv. 19–20).

Time Period	People of Limhi	People of Alma
Continued after the first two years	Limhi's people repented and turned to the Lord (Mosiah 21:7–14, 25–26).  They were compelled to be humble (vv. 13–14).  They accepted their bondage and abuse (v. 13).  They cried mightily to the Lord (v. 14).  They sent men to find help in Zarahemla (vv. 25–26).	Alma's people continued in peace and prosperity.
Continued after the first two years	The Lord eventually delivered them from Lamanite bondage (Mosiah 21:15–22:16).  The Lord was slow to hear them, but He softened the hearts of their enemies, who eased their burdens (21:15).  They were not delivered at first (21:15).  They prospered by degrees (21:16).  They helped others (21:17).  They covenanted to serve God (21:31).  They gave wine to the Lamanite guards, who then fell asleep (22:7, 10).  They escaped (22:11).	Alma's people continued in peace and prosperity.
c. 120–121 B.C. (Mosiah 22; 24:25 footnotes)	Limhi's people arrived in the land of Zarahemla (Mosiah 22:13).  A Lamanite army pursued Limhi's people (vv. 15–16).	Alma's people experienced bondage and delivery from the Lord (Mosiah 23–24).  The Lamanite army sent after Limhi's people discovered Alma's people in the land of Helam (Mosiah 23:25).  Alma's people were taken into bondage (Mosiah 24:8–10).  They remained faithful and endured patiently (vv. 10–16).  The Lord eased their burdens and strengthened them (vv. 14–15).  The Lord delivered them out of bondage and into the land of Zarahemla (v. 20).