1. The first members of the Church in Rome were likely former Jews who had been visiting Jerusalem on the day of Pentecost and had heard the Apostles preach (see Acts 2:5–10). After accepting Peter’s invitation to be baptized, they returned to Rome and helped to establish the Church there (see Acts 2:37–41).

2. About A.D. 57, near the end of his third mission, Paul wrote his Epistle to the Roman Saints while staying in Corinth (see Acts 20:2–3).